White Fragility in Nursing: An Evolutionary Concept Analysis

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Limited diversity of nursing workforce

- 72% of nurses identify as white [1]
- 19% of faculty identify as belonging to a minoritized group [2].
- 40% of BSN students identify as a minoritized population [2]

Attrition of historically minoritized students remains high [4,5]

Minoritized students face unique challenges

 Bias, discrimination, microaggressions, and overt racism [6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14]

Purpose

To examine white fragility in nursing education and identify how systemic racism may contribute to exclusivity and attrition among minoritized students

Methods

Rodgers Evolutionary Concept Analysis

White fragility is a new, evolving concept

 Rodgers acknowledges concepts are contextual and evolving

Sources for Concept Analysis

- No nursing-specific articles obtained
- 13 peer-reviewed articles from arts & humanities, education, and health professions

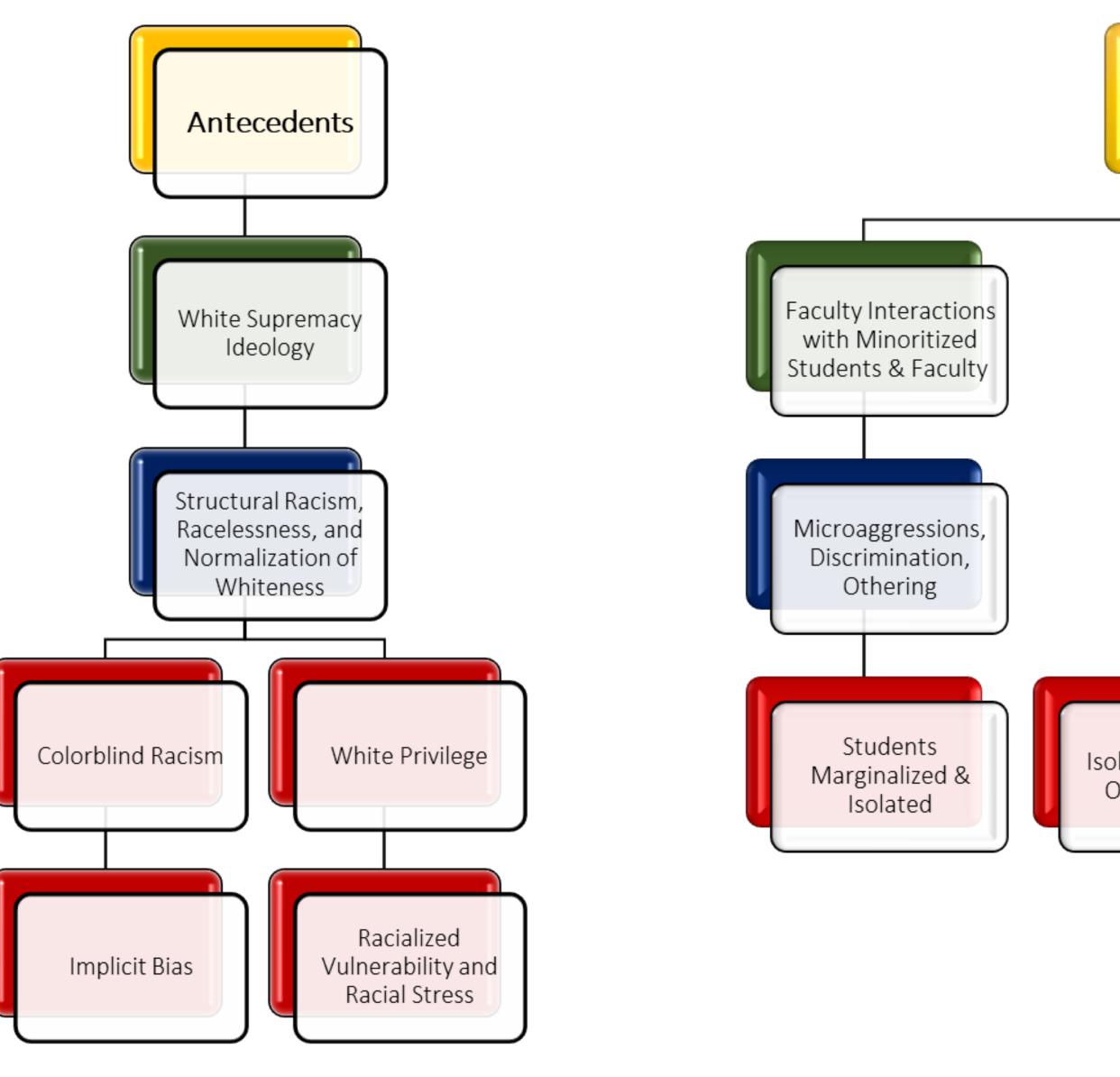
Concept & Surrogate Terms

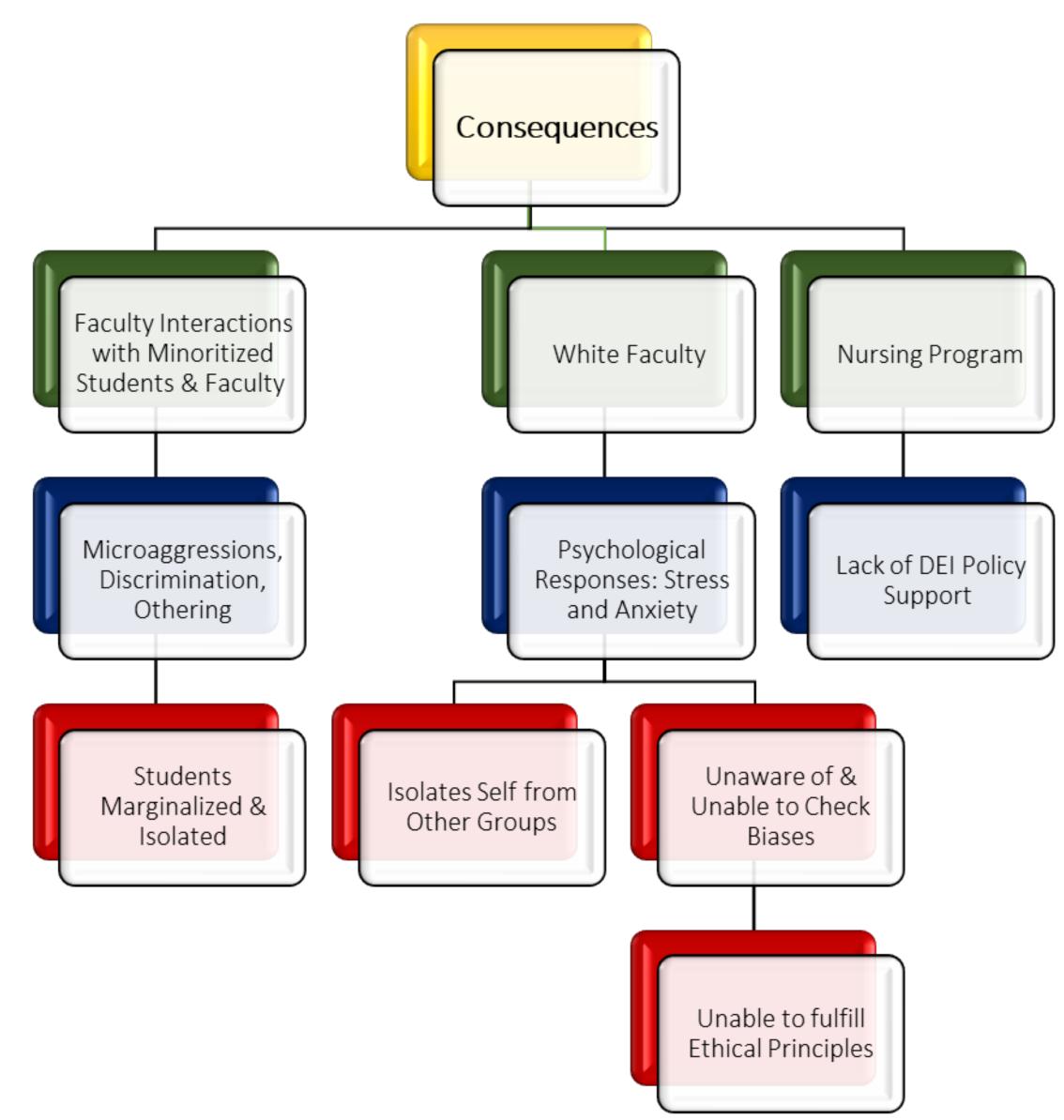
White fragility is complex concept that combines Whiteness and Fragility and is the response of white individuals when faced with uncomfortable racial topics [15,16]

Surrogate terms: Racial fragility & white emotionality

Results

Essential Attributes	Definition	Source
Withdrawal	Disengaging from the conversation, avoiding all racial discussions, and silence when faced with racial conversations.	Applebaum, 2021; DiAngelo, 2011; DiAngelo, 2018; Ford et al., 2022; Jones et al., 2023; Liu et al., 2019
Defensiveness	Negative actions for defensiveness include ignoring facts, aggression, confrontation, marked anti-social behavior. Positive actions for defensiveness include strong in-group pride, which is difficult to identify. Example: Statements from nurses: "I am a nurse," and the unvoiced ending of the statement is "Therefore, I cannot be racist."	Ford et al.,2022; Hamrick & Byma, 2017
Control	Control the conversation by moving to futuristic actions: "What can we, as white people, do?" Establish civility parameters with Whites holding the power to determine what is civil discourse. Intensify negative emotions of shame and remorse, placing people of color in position of consoler.	Applebaum, 2021; DiAngelo, 2018; Ford et al., 2022; Hamrick & Byma, 2017; Liu et al., 2019
Innocence	Denying patterns and histories of oppression. Refusing to acknowledge facts. Embracing individualism "I am a different White"	Applebaum, 2021; DiAngelo, 2018; Hamrick & Byma, 2017; Jayakumar & Adamian, 2017







Discussion

White fragility may impact retention of historically minoritized students:

- White majority nursing educators perpetuate the transfer of white knowledge and norms in education
- Unintentional messaging that historically minoritized individuals do not belong may occur due to unexamined biases

Anti-racist pedagogy necessary in nursing education to increase retention of historically minoritized students

 Intentional to bring in other perspectives

Intentional hiring of historically minoritized faculty to provide racially concordant mentors

Conclusions

The nursing workforce fails to match US population's diversity

Increased attrition of minoritized students impacts diversity of future workforce

Examining & addressing white fragility in nursing education important to foster inclusive culture and promote retention

References



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KU is an EO/AA institution.