

October 31, 2025

The Honorable Nicholas Kent, Under Secretary
The Honorable David Barker, Assistant Secretary, Office of
Postsecondary Education
U.S. Department of Education
400 Maryland Avenue SW
Washington, DC 20202-1100

## RE: Negotiated Rulemaking Committees. [Docket ID ED-2025-OPE-0151-0001]

Dear Under Secretary Kent, Assistant Secretary Barker, and Members of the RISE Rulemaking Committee:

On behalf of the 57 undersigned organizations representing the Nursing Community Coalition (NCC), we appreciate the ongoing work of the Department of Education's (ED) Reimagining and Improving Student Education (RISE) Committee to implement Public Law 119-21 – One Big Beautiful Bill Act (OBBBA). The Nursing Community Coalition (NCC) is a cross section of education, practice, research, and regulation within the nursing profession representing Registered Nurses (RNs), Advanced Practice Registered Nurses (APRNs), nurse leaders, boards of nursing, students, faculty, and researchers. Together, we recognize how critical a strong nursing education pathway is to ensuring a robust nursing workforce that supports the health needs of our nation. This includes support for our masters' and doctoral (DNP and PhD) nursing students who go on to serve on the frontlines as our primary care providers, faculty and educators, researchers, and leaders within the health care profession. As you continue negotiated rulemaking, the NCC strongly recommends the RISE Committee explicitly include post-baccalaureate nursing programs, as outlined under the "Health Professions and Related Clinical Sciences" series of Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) codes (Series 51), in the regulatory definition of "professional degree programs."

Under 34 CFR § 668.2(b), a professional degree, "signifies both completion of the academic requirements for beginning practice in a given profession and a level of professional skill beyond that normally required for a bachelor's degree. Professional licensure is also generally required." All registered nurses must pass the National Council Licensure Examination (NCLEX-RN), the nationwide licensing exam for entry into the profession, and all APRNs must complete a graduate degree, such as a Master of Science in Nursing (MSN) or a Doctor of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> APRNs include certified nurse-midwives (CNMs), certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs), clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) and nurse practitioners (NPs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Code of Federal Regulations § 668.2 General Definitions. Retrieved from: <a href="https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-34/subtitle-B/chapter-VI/part-668/subpart-A/section-668.2">https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-34/subtitle-B/chapter-VI/part-668/subpart-A/section-668.2</a>

Nursing Practice (DNP), to be licensed and practice in a state. Master's and doctoral nursing students need further national certifications and licensures, which require rigorous examinations and continuing education for license renewal, paralleling the processes seen in other healthcare disciplines such as medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy, all of which already carry the "professional" designation.

Post-baccalaureate nurses not only support America's health but often fall within the new loan limits outlined under "professional degree programs" in OBBBA. For example, the average CRNA graduates with upwards of \$200,000 in student loan debt, quickly reaching the aggregate limit, similar to other health profession students.<sup>3</sup> This is also the case for programs like the accelerated entry-level master's program, which can easily reach the annual limit threshold outlined in OBBBA. Additionally, many programs operate year-round across three full-time semesters, rather than on the traditional two-semester academic calendar, which is also consistent with other health professional degree programs. It is also important to note that unlike their physician counterparts who get paid during their residency, most advanced practice nurses are required to complete their education and clinical hours without the support of a salary, making this "professional degree" designation even more important to their education.

Adding nursing to this definition is also consistent with other ED practices, such as classifying both medicine and nursing within the same "Health Professions and Related Clinical Sciences" series of Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) codes (Series 51).<sup>4</sup> Further, the additional instruction post-baccalaureate nursing students receive, including in pharmacology, diagnostics, and systems leadership, parallels other professional programs. Additionally, a PhD nursing degree, while often research-oriented, is critical to the preparation of educators, clinical leaders, and front-line practitioners who sustain the professional workforce.

As the largest segment of the healthcare profession,<sup>5</sup> nursing is involved at every point of care. Nurses work in community health centers, Veterans Health Administration and Indian Health Services facilities, hospitals, long-term care facilities, local and state health departments, schools, workplaces, and patients' homes. They also support our aging population. As outlined in the MedPAC's July 2025 data book, Medicare patient "encounters with APRNs and PAs grew rapidly from 2018 to 2023 (50 percent in total), and encounters with primary care physicians declined substantially (–22 percent)." In fact, over 233,000 APRNs treated Medicare patients and approximately 40% of Medicare beneficiaries received care from an APRN. Supporting educational pathways into post-baccalaureate nursing programs removes barriers to enter the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A CRNA's Life After Anesthesia Preview. Retrieved from: <a href="https://www.crnafinancialplanning.com/p/a-crnas-life-after-anesthesia-chapter-1-preview">https://www.crnafinancialplanning.com/p/a-crnas-life-after-anesthesia-chapter-1-preview</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Classification of Instructional Programs. Health Professions and Related Clinical Sciences. Retrieved from: https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cipcode/cipdetail.aspx?y=55&cipid=87605

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Smith, Sean and Blank, Andrew. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. (June 2023) Healthcare Occupations: Characteristics of the Employed. Slide Two: Employment in the 25 largest healthcare occupations, 2022. Retrieved from: <a href="https://www.bls.gov/spotlight/2023/healthcare-occupations-in-2022/">https://www.bls.gov/spotlight/2023/healthcare-occupations-in-2022/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Andrilla, C. H. A., Patterson, D. G., Moore, T. E., Coulthard, C., & Larson, E. H. (2018). Projected Contributions of Nurse Practitioners and Physicians Assistants to Buprenorphine Treatment Services for Opioid Use Disorder in Rural Areas. Medical Care Research and Review, Epub ahead. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/1077558718793070">https://doi.org/10.1177/1077558718793070</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Data.CMS.gov. CMS Program Statistics-Medicare Providers. (2022) Retrieved from: <a href="https://data.cms.gov/summary-statistics-on-provider-enrollment/medicare-provider-type-reports/cms-program-statistics-medicare-providers">https://data.cms.gov/summary-statistics-on-provider-enrollment/medicare-provider-type-reports/cms-program-statistics-medicare-providers</a>

profession, supports ongoing nursing workforce needs, and ensures patients across the country have access to high-quality healthcare.

Nurses continue to provide a growing proportion of care to patients across the nation, while simultaneously facing a workforce shortage with an aging population that requires increasing healthcare services. It is crucial that the RISE Committee define post-baccalaureate nursing education as a "professional degree." This designation, consistent with current CIP Code 51 "Health Professions and Related Programs," has a direct impact on the health of our nation. Should you have any questions or if the Nursing Community Coalition can be of any additional assistance please contact the coalition's Executive Director, Rachel Minahan, at rstevenson@thenursingcommunity.org.

## Sincerely,

Academy of Medical-Surgical Nurses

Academy of Neonatal Nursing

Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments

American Academy of Ambulatory Care Nursing

American Academy of Emergency Nurse Practitioners

American Association of Colleges of Nursing

American Association of Critical-Care Nurses

American Association of Heart Failure Nurses

American Association of Neuroscience Nurses

American Association of Nurse Anesthesiology

American Association of Nurse Practitioners

American Association of Occupational Health Nurses

American Association of Post-Acute Care Nursing

American College of Nurse-Midwives

American Nephrology Nurses Association

**American Nurses Association** 

**American Nursing Informatics Association** 

American Organization for Nursing Leadership

American Pediatric Surgical Nurses Association, Inc.

American Psychiatric Nurses Association

American Public Health Association, Public Health Nursing Section

American Society for Pain Management Nursing

American Society of PeriAnesthesia Nurses

Association of Community Health Nursing Educators

Association of Nurses in AIDS Care

Association of periOperative Registered Nurses

Association of Public Health Nurses

Association of Rehabilitation Nurses

Association of Women's Health, Obstetric and Neonatal Nurses

Commissioned Officers Association of the U.S. Public Health Service

**Dermatology Nurses' Association** 

**Emergency Nurses Association** 

Gerontological Advanced Practice Nurses Association

Hospice and Palliative Nurses Association

Infusion Nurses Society

International Association of Forensic Nurses

International Society of Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurses

National Association of Clinical Nurse Specialists

National Association of Hispanic Nurses

National Association of Neonatal Nurse Practitioners

National Association of Neonatal Nurses

National Association of Nurse Practitioners in Women's Health

National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners

National Association of School Nurses

National Black Nurses Association

National Council of State Boards of Nursing

National Forum of State Nursing Workforce Centers

National Hartford Center of Gerontological Nursing Excellence

National League for Nursing

National Organization of Nurse Practitioner Faculties

**Nurses Organization of Veterans Affairs** 

**Oncology Nursing Society** 

Organization for Associate Degree Nursing

**Preventive Cardiovascular Nurses Association** 

**Society of Pediatric Nurses** 

Society of Urologic Nurses and Associates

Wound, Ostomy, and Continence Nurses Society