

# Identifying At-Risk Students with Early Intervention: An Overview of an Academic Support Program for Accelerated BSN Students

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# Background - Accelerated Second-Degree BSN Programs

- National:
  - First program in U.S. established in 1971
  - Rationales: nursing workforce supply (nurse shortages), student demand (career changes), and grow BSN enrollment (nursing education changes)
  - Variable attrition rates; higher for minority students
- Jefferson College of Nursing (Philadelphia, PA)
  - First program in 2001 (12 month duration) - 20 students

# Barriers and Challenges for Accelerated Second-Degree BSN Students

- Pace and intensity of accelerated BSN programs
- Time management and organizational skills
- Other responsibilities and life circumstances
- Expectations of BSN education based on prior degree
- “Degree hopping” trends in younger students
- Extended time since prior degree for adult learners
- Problem-based learning vs. rote memorization
- Sociocultural challenges (e.g., ESL students)

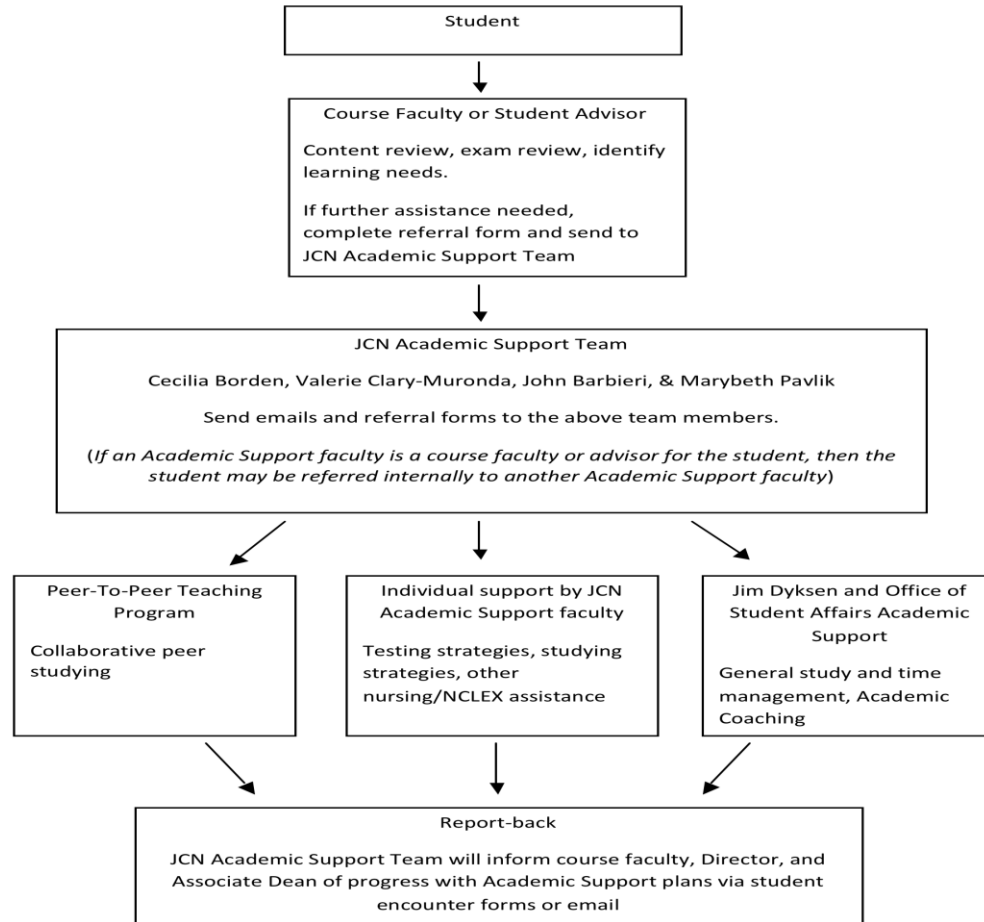
# Concept-Based Curriculum (CBC) and *Academic Support Team (AST)*

- Jefferson adopted concept-based curriculum for baccalaureate programs in 2016-17 (CBC; informed by Giddens' model)
- Academic Support Team (AST) initiated for student support and to oversee Peer-to-Peer studying program in new curriculum
- AST currently consists of three full-time faculty, and one part-time faculty

# Academic Support Team (AST) Intervention Strategies

- One-on-one consultation and evaluation
- Individualized study plan development
- Peer-to-Peer studying program
- Study guidance and supervision for peer learners
- Group study sessions facilitated by AST
- Advisement on test-taking strategies
- Faculty referral system and ongoing communication between course faculty and AST

### Flowchart for JCN Academic Support Process and Support Services



# Peer-to-Peer Studying Program

- Students referred by course faculty/advisor, or students self-request interest in Peer-to-Peer program
- AST matches student in dyad or small group with baccalaureate scholarship fellows
- AST faculty supervise and coach dyad/small group
- Voluntary, confidential, and expected to meet ~2 hrs/week
- Student progress tracked by weekly encounter forms (online), monthly in-person meetings, and grade performance

# Summary of Preliminary Data

- Accelerated second-degree BSN students in new CBC curriculum
  - Sample: two cohorts graduating in 2017 and 2018; N=252
- Attrition rates
  - In years prior to initiation of program, rates close to 10%
  - Since 2016-17, rates of 1-2% in the two cohorts
- NCLEX pass rates
  - Low 90s - no significant change between the two curricula



# Discussion

- Decrease in attrition rates; no affect on NCLEX pass rates in current data
  - Implies students are not just being “passed along”
- Multifactorial efforts and interventions, especially from course faculty

# Limitations

- Data and experiences specific to Jefferson, and may not be applicable to other schools/programs
- Other variables, including change in curriculum model
- Peer-to-Peer studying program:
  - Challenges of matching students within same cohort
  - Not all students interested in Peer-to-Peer program
  - Peer partners may not stay together throughout BSN program

# Preliminary Recommendations

- Assessment of student learning needs prior to start of BSN program may facilitate earlier interventions
- Initiating interventions earlier when students first enter academic jeopardy (e.g., after first exam)
- Careful planning and consideration for Peer-to-Peer studying programs

# Questions/Comments?



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